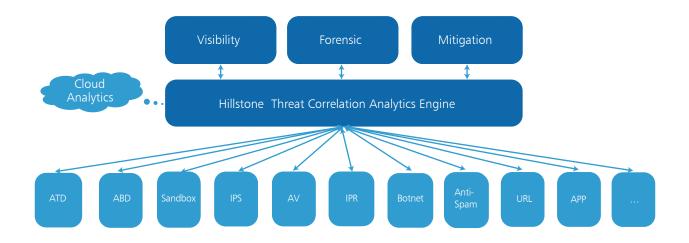
# Hillstone T-Series Intelligent Next-Generation Firewall





Hillstone's T-Series intelligent Next-Generation Firewall (iNGFW) uses three key technologies to detect advanced attacks and provide continuous threat defense for today's networks. First, it uses statistical clustering to detect unknown malware, leveraging the patented Hillstone Advanced Threat Detection engine (ATD). Second, it uses behavioral analytics to detect anomalous network behavior, which is based on the Hillstone Abnormal Behavior Detection engine (ABD). Finally, it leverages the Hillstone threat correlation analysis engine to correlate threat events detected by disparate engines – including ATD, ABD, Sandbox and other traditional signature-based threat detection technologies – along with context information to identify advanced threats.

With deep detection and threat analytics capabilities, Hillstone's iNGFW provides customers with comprehensive visibility of the network risk status, as well as threat details of each host. The Hillstone iNGFW provides administrators with forensic information from different tools and paths, in order to drill down to the root cause of an attack. In addition, the Hillstone iNGFW empowers the administrator with powerful mitigation functions, which can buy time for administrators to examine the forensic data, make an informed decision about the authenticity of the attack, and minimize the business damage.





# **Product Highlight**

### **Unknown Malware Detection**

Hillstone has built a proprietary engine that has analyzed close to a million "known" malware samples. Each sample has been classified and characterized based on multiple dimensions that describe its actions, assets and attributes. In a production environment, when new malware is encountered, it is also analyzed, characterized and classified. Then it is compared to the database of known malware samples that have already been analyzed. The closer the unknown sample matches a known sample - the higher the confidence level that it is a variant of a known malware sample. This process is called "statistical clustering" and provides an accurate method for identifying new malware.

## **Abnormal Behavior Detection**

Hillstone's Abnormal Behavior engine continuously monitors the network to learn what normal network traffic looks like for that particular day, time, and month; providing alerts when network activity exceeds calculated thresholds. It uses a 50+ dimensional array to calculate normal network traffic from layer L4-L7, called "behavior modeling." In addition, it has been trained with real hacking tools to ensure that it will readily recognize malicious activity. These techniques limit false positives and provide the user with multiple opportunities to stop an attack.

# **Rich Forensic Analysis**

The Hillstone E-6000 Series NGFW provides real-time protection for applications from network attacks including viruses, spyware, worms, botnets, ARP spoofing, DoS/DDoS, Trojans, buffer overflows, and SQL injections. It incorporates a unified threat detection engine that shares packet details with multiple security engines (AD, IPS, URL filtering, Anti-Virus, Sandbox etc.), which significantly enhances the protection efficiency and reduces network latency.

## **Preemptive Mitigation**

In addition to the ability to make a policy change to prevent an attack, Hillstone has built-in several automatic mitigation features. These features consist of pre-defined templates that automatically slow-down or block an attack if suspicious behavior is detected. The administrator can modify the templates to limit the bandwidth or the number of sessions available to the attacker. He can also adjust the constraints he places on network resources based on the type of attack and the severity level. In cases where the attack is critical and the confidence level is high, mitigation can include a complete blockage of all network resources. And, if a template does not exist or is not active, the administrator can quickly set up a temporary mitigation for that event.



# **Features**

#### **Threat Correlation Analytics**

- Correlation among unknown threats, abnormal behavior and application behavior to discover potential threat or attacks
- Multi-dimension correlation rules, automatic daily update from the cloud

#### **Advanced Threat Detection**

- Behavior-based advanced malware detection
- Detection of more than 2000 known and unknown malware families including Virus, Worm, Trojan, Overflow etc
- Real-time, online, malware behavior model database update

#### **Abnormal Behavior Detection**

- Behavior modeling based on L3-L7 baseline traffic to reveal anomalous network behavior, such as HTTP scanning, Spider, SPAM, SSH/FTP weak password
- Detection of DDoS including Flood, Sockstress, zip of death, reflect, DNS query, SSL DDos and application DDoS
- Supports inspection of encrypted tunneling traffic for unknown applications
- Detect C&C attack using Domain Generation Algorithm (DGA)
- Real-time, online, abnormal behavior model database update

#### **Threat Visibility and Mitigation**

- Network risk index, critical assets and host risk status, host and threat risk severity and certainty
- Kill chain mapping of threat events on each host
- Threat forensic including threat analysis, knowledge base, history and PCAP
- Predefined and customized mitigation rules
- Support threat whitelist

#### **Network Services**

- Dynamic routing (OSPF, BGP, RIPv2)
- Static and Policy routing
- Route controlled by application
- Built-in DHCP, NTP, DNS Server and DNS proxy
- Tap mode connects to SPAN port
- Interface modes: sniffer, port aggregated, loopback, VLANS (802.1Q and Trunking)
- L2/L3 switching & routing
- Virtual wire (Layer 1) transparent inline deployment

#### **Firewall**

- Operating modes: NAT/route, transparent (bridge), and mixed mode
- Policy objects: predefined, custom, and object grouping
- Security policy based on application, role and geo-location
- Application Level Gateways and session support: MSRCP, PPTP, RAS, RSH, SIP, FTP, TFTP, HTTP, dcerpc, dns-tcp, dns-udp, H.245 0, H.245 1, H.323
- NAT and ALG support: NAT46, NAT64, NAT444, SNAT, DNAT, PAT, Full Cone NAT, STUN
- NAT configuration: per policy and central NAT table
- VoIP: SIP/H.323/SCCP NAT traversal, RTP pin holing
- · Global policy management view

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· Security policy redundancy inspection, policy

group, policy configuration rollback

- Policy Assistant for easy detailed policy deployment
- · Policy analyzing and invalid policy cleanup
- Comprehensive DNS policy
- Schedules: one-time and recurring

#### Intrusion Prevention

- Protocol anomaly detection, rate-based detection, custom signatures, manual, automatic push or pull signature updates, integrated threat encyclopedia
- IPS Actions: default, monitor, block, reset (attackers IP or victim IP, incoming interface) with expiry time
- · Packet logging option
- Filter Based Selection: severity, target, OS, application or protocol
- IP exemption from specific IPS signatures
- IDS sniffer mode
- IPv4 and IPv6 rate based DoS protection with threshold settings against TCP Syn flood, TCP/ UDP/SCTP port scan, ICMP sweep, TCP/UDP/ SCIP/ICMP session flooding (source/destination)
- Active bypass with bypass interfaces
- Predefined prevention configuration

#### Anti-Virus

- Manual, automatic push or pull signature updates
- Flow-based Antivirus: protocols include HTTP, SMTP, POP3, IMAP, FTP/SFTP
- Compressed file virus scanning

#### Attack Defense

- Abnormal protocol attack defense
- Anti-DoS/DDoS, including SYN Flood, DNS Query Flood defense
   ARP attack defense

### **URL** Filtering

- Flow-based web filtering inspection
- Manually defined web filtering based on URL, web content and MIME header
- Dynamic web filtering with cloud-based real-time categorization database: over 140 million URLs with 64 categories (8 of which are security related)
- Additional web filtering features:
- Filter Java Applet, ActiveX or cookie
  - Block HTTP Post
  - Log search keywords

- Exempt scanning encrypted connections on certain categories for privacy

- Web filtering profile override: allows administrator to temporarily assign different profiles to user/ group/IP
- Web filter local categories and category rating override

#### Anti-Spam

- Real-time Spam Classification and Prevention
- Confirmed Spam, Suspected Spam, Bulk Spam, Valid Bulk
- Protection Regardless of the language, format, or content of the message
- · Support both SMTP and POP3 email protocols
- Inbound and outbound detection
- · White lists to allow emails from trusted domains

#### Cloud-Sandbox

- Upload malicious files to cloud sandbox for analysis
- Support protocols including HTTP/HTTPS, POP3, IMAP, SMTP and FTP
- Support file types including PE,ZIP, RAR, Office, PDF, APK, JAR and SWF
- File transfer direction and file size control
- Provide complete behavior analysis report for malicious files
- Global threat intelligence sharing, real-time threat blocking
- Support detection only mode without uploading files

#### **Botnet C&C Prevention**

- Discover intranet botnet host by monitoring C&C connections and block further advanced threats such as botnet and ransomware
- Regularly update the botnet server addresses
- Prevention for C&C IP and domain
- · Support TCP, HTTP, and DNS traffic detection
- IP and domain whitelists

#### **IP Reputation**

- Identify and filter traffic from risky IPs such as botnet hosts, spammers, Tor nodes, breached hosts, and brute force attacks
- Logging, dropping packets, or blocking for different types of risky IP traffic

· IPS enablement for SSL encrypted traffic

AV enablement for SSL encrypted traffic

· URL filter for SSL encrypted traffic

**Endpoint Identification and Control** 

SSL Encrypted traffic whitelist

control policy and status etc.

SSL proxy offload mode

iOS Android etc.

on overrun IP

operation

**Data Security** 

SMTP and POP3

Application Control

name

file types

Regular IP reputation signature database upgrade

Application identification for SSL encrypted traffic

Support to identify endpoint IP, endpoint quantity,

Support 10 operation systems including Windows,

on-line time, off-line time, and on-line duration

Support query based on IP, endpoint quantity,

Support the identification of accessed endpoints

quantity across layer 3, logging and interference

Redirect page display after custom interference

File transfer control based on file type, size and

File protocol identification, including HTTP, FTP,

· IM identification and network behavior audit

File signature and suffix identification for over 100

Filter files transmitted by HTTPS using SSL Proxy

Over 4,000 applications that can be filtered by

Each application contains a description, risk

name, category, subcategory, technology and risk

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Supports blocking operations on overrun IP

#### SSL Decryption



# Features (Continued)

factors, dependencies, typical ports used, and URLs for additional reference

- Actions: block, reset session, monitor, traffic shaping
- · Identify and control cloud applications in the cloud
- Provide multi-dimensional monitoring and statistics for cloud applications, including risk category and characteristics

#### Quality of Service (QoS)

- Max/guaranteed bandwidth tunnels or IP/user basis
- Tunnel allocation based on security domain, interface, address, user/user group, server/server group, application/app group, TOS, VLAN
- Bandwidth allocated by time, priority, or equal bandwidth sharing
- Type of Service (TOS) and Differentiated Services
  (DiffServ) support
- · Prioritized allocation of remaining bandwidth
- · Maximum concurrent connections per IP
- Bandwidth allocation based on URL category
- Bandwidth limit by delaying access for user or IP
- Automatic expiration cleanup and manual cleanup of user used traffic

#### Server Load Balancing

- Weighted hashing, weighted least-connection, and weighted round-robin
- Session protection, session persistence and session status monitoring
- Server health check, session monitoring and session protection

#### **Link Load Balancing**

- · Bi-directional link load balancing
- Outbound link load balancing includes policy based routing, ECMP and weighted, embedded ISP routing and dynamic detection
- Inbound link load balancing supports SmartDNS and dynamic detection
- Automatic link switching based on bandwidth, latency, jitter, connectivity, application etc.
- Link health inspection with ARP, PING, and DNS

#### VPN

- · IPSec VPN:
  - IPSEC Phase 1 mode: aggressive and main ID protection mode
  - Peer acceptance options: any ID, specific ID, ID in dialup user group
  - Supports IKEv1 and IKEv2 (RFC 4306)
  - Authentication method: certificate and pre-shared key
  - IKE mode configuration support (as server or client)
  - DHCP over IPSEC

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- Configurable IKE encryption key expiry, NAT traversal keep alive frequency
- Phase 1/Phase 2 Proposal encryption: DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192, AES256
- Phase 1/Phase 2 Proposal authentication: MD5, SHA1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512
- Phase 1/Phase 2 Diffie-Hellman support: 1,2,5
- XAuth as server mode and for dialup users

- Dead peer detection
- Replay detection
- Autokey keep-alive for Phase 2 SA
- IPSEC VPN realm support: allows multiple custom SSL VPN logins associated with user groups (URL paths, design)
- IPSEC VPN configuration options: route-based or policy based
- IPSEC VPN deployment modes: gateway-togateway, full mesh, hub-and-spoke, redundant tunnel, VPN termination in transparent mode
- One time login prevents concurrent logins with the same username
- SSL portal concurrent users limiting
- SSL VPN port forwarding module encrypts client data and sends the data to the application server
- Supports clients that run iOS, Android, and Windows XP/Vista including 64-bit Windows OS
- Host integrity checking and OS checking prior to SSL tunnel connections
- · MAC host check per portal
- Cache cleaning option prior to ending SSL VPN session
- L2TP client and server mode, L2TP over IPSEC, and GRE over IPSEC
- View and manage IPSEC and SSL VPN connections
- PnPVPN

#### IPv6

- Management over IPv6, IPv6 logging and HA
- IPv6 tunneling, DNS64/NAT64 etc
- IPv6 routing including static routing, policy routing, ISIS, RIPng, OSPFv3 and BGP4+
- IPS, Application identification, Anti-Virus, Access control, ND attack defense, iQoS
- Track address detection

### VSYS

System resource allocation to each VSYS

#### CPU virtualization

- Non-root VSYS support firewall, IPSec VPN, SSL VPN, IPS, URL filtering
- · VSYS monitoring and statistic

#### **High Availability**

- · Redundant heartbeat interfaces
- · Active/Active and Active/Passive
- · Standalone session synchronization
- · HA reserved management interface
- Failover:
  - Port, local & remote link monitoring
  - Stateful failover
  - Sub-second failover
  - Failure notification
- Deployment options:
   HA with link aggregation
- Full mesh HA
- Geographically dispersed HA

#### **User and Device Identity**

- Local user database
- Remote user authentication: TACACS+, LDAP, Radius, Active

- Single-sign-on: Windows AD
- 2-factor authentication: 3rd party support, integrated token server with physical and SMS
- User and device-based policies
- User group synchronization based on AD and LDAP
- · Support for 802.1X, SSO Proxy
- WebAuth page customization
- Interface based Authentication
- Agentless ADSSO (AD Polling)
- Use authentication synchronization based on SSO-monitor
- · Support MAC-based user authentication

#### Administration

- Management access: HTTP/HTTPS, SSH, telnet, console
- Central Management: Hillstone Security Manager (HSM), web service APIs
- System Integration: SNMP, syslog, alliance partnerships
- Rapid deployment: USB auto-install, local and remote script execution
- Dynamic real-time dashboard status and drill-in monitoring widgets

Logging facilities: local memory and storage (if

available), multiple syslog servers and multiple

Hillstone Security Audit (HSA) platforms

scheduled batch log uploading

Brief traffic log format option

network reports

User defined reporting

via Email and FTP

monitorina

monitoring

CloudView

Statistics and Monitoring

local traffic, invalid packets, URL etc.

user authentications, WiFi related events

· IP and service port name resolution option

Three predefined reports: Security, Flow and

· Reports can be exported in PDF, Word and HTML

Application, URL, threat events statistic and

System information such as concurrent session,

iQOS traffic statistic and monitoring, link status

Support traffic information collection and

7/24 access from web or mobile application

· Device status, traffic and Threat monitoring

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Cloud-based log retention and reporting

· Real-time traffic statistic and analytics

CPU, Memory and temperature

forwarding via Netflow (v9.0)

· Cloud-based security monitoring

Encrypted logging and log integrity with HSA

Reliable logging using TCP option (RFC 3195)

Detailed traffic logs: forwarded, violated sessions,

Comprehensive event logs: system and adminis-

trative activity audits, routing & networking, VPN,

Language support: English

Logs & Reporting



# **Specifications**

|   | SG-6000-T1860   | SG-6000-T2860   | SG-6000-T3860  | SG-6000-T5060  | SG-6000-T5860  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| FW Throughput (1)                                 | 8 Gbps  | 10 Gbps   | 20 Gbps  | 25 Gbps  | 40 Gbps  |  |  |
| IPS Throughput (2)                                | 3 Gbps  | 4 Gbps  | 8 Gbps   | 12 Gbps  | 18 Gbps  |  |  |
| AV Throughput (3)                                 | 1.6 Gbps  | 2 Gbps  | 6 Gbps   | 7 Gbps   | 10 Gbps  |  |  |
| IPSec Throughput (4)                              | 3 Gbps  | 3.8 Gbps  | 12 Gbps  | 15 Gbps  | 28 Gbps  |  |  |
| IMIX Throughput (5)                               | 1.6 Gbps  | 2.1 Gbps  | 8.2 Gbps   | 10.9 Gbps  | 17.4 Gbps  |  |  |
| NGFW Throughput (6)                               | 1 Gbps  | 1.5 Gbps  | 5 Gbps   | 8 Gbps   | 12 Gbps  |  |  |
| Threat Protection Throughput (7)                  | 600 Mbps  | 900 Mbps  | 2.5 Gbps   | 4 Gbps   | 6 Gbps   |  |  |
| New Sessions/s <sup>(8)</sup>                     | 80,000  | 100,000   | 250,000  | 300,000  | 450,000  |  |  |
| Maximum Concurrent Sessions<br>(Standard/Maximum) | 1.5 Million   | 3 Million   | 4 Million  | 5 Million  | 6 Million  |  |  |
| IPSec Tunnel Number                               | 6,000   | 10,000  | 20,000   | 20,000   | 20,000   |  |  |
| SSL VPN Users (Default/Max)                       | 8 / 4,000   | 8 / 6,000   | 128 / 10,000   | 128 / 10,000   | 128 / 10,000   |  |  |
| Virtual Systems (Default/Max)                     | 1 / 50  | 1 / 50  | 1/100  | 1/250  | 1 / 250  |  |  |
| Integrated I/O                                    | 6 × GE, 4 × SFP   | 6 × GE(1 pair bypass port), 4 × SFP, 2 × SFP+                     | 2 × GE, 4 × SFP  | 2 × GE, 4 × SFP  | $2 \times GE, 4 \times SFP$  |  |  |
| Maximum I/O                                       | 26 × GE   | 26 × GE, 2 × 10GE   | 22 × GE, 4 × 10GE  | 38 × GE, 8 × 10GE  | 38 × GE, 16 × 10GE   |  |  |
| Expansion Modules                                 | 2 × Generic Slot  | 2 × Generic Slot  | 2 × Generic Slot   | 4 × Generic Slot   | 4 × Generic Slot   |  |  |
| Expansion Module Option                           | IOC-4GE-B-M, IOC-8GE-M,<br>IOC-8SFP-M   | IOC-4GE-B-M, IOC-8GE-M,<br>IOC-8SFP-M                             | IOC-4GE-B-M, IOC-8GE-M,<br>IOC-8SFP-M, IOC-2SFP+-Lite                              | IOC-8GE-M, IOC-8SFP-M,<br>IOC-4GE-B-M, IOC-8SFP+,<br>IOC-4SFP+, IOC-2SFP+-Lite     | IOC-8GE-M, IOC-8SFP-M,<br>IOC-4GE-B-M, IOC-8SFP+,<br>IOC-4SFP+, IOC-2SFP+-Lite   |  |  |
| Management Ports                                  | 1 × Concole Port, 1 × HA, 1<br>×MGT, 1 × USB 2.0, 1 × AUX<br>Port   | 1 × Concole Port, 1 × HA, 1<br>×MGT, 1 × USB 2.0, 1 × AUX<br>Port | 1 × Console Port, 1 × AUX<br>Port, 1 × USB 2.0 Port, 2 × HA,<br>1 × MGT            | 1 × Console Port, 1 × AUX<br>Port, 1 × USB 2.0 Port, 2 × HA,<br>1 × MGT            | 1 × Console Port, 1 × AUX<br>Port, 1 × USB 2.0 Port, 2 × HA,<br>1 × MGT          |  |  |
| Maximum Power Consumption                         | 1 × 150w Redundancy 1 + 1   | 1 × 150w Redundancy 1 + 1   | 2 × 450W Redundancy 1 + 1  | 2 × 450W Redundancy 1 + 1  | 2 × 450W Redundancy 1 + 1  |  |  |
| Storage   | 480G SSD (960G SSD<br>Optional)   | 480G SSD (960G SSD<br>Optional)                                   | Dual Storage: 120G (480G or<br>960G SSD Optional) +480G<br>SSD (960G SSD Optional) | Dual Storage: 120G (480G or<br>960G SSD Optional) +480G<br>SSD (960G SSD Optional) | Dual Storage: 120G (480G or<br>960G SSD Optional) +1T HDD<br>(960G SSD Optional) |  |  |
| Power Supply                                      | AC 100-240V 50/60Hz<br>DC -40 ~ -60V  | AC 100-240V 50/60Hz   | AC 100-240V 50/60Hz<br>DC -40 ~ -60V   | AC 100-240V 50/60Hz<br>DC -40 ~ -60V   | AC 100-240V 50/60Hz  |  |  |
| Dimension (W×D×H, mm)                             | 1U 17.2 x 14.4 x 1.7 in<br>(436 x 366 x 44 mm)  | 1U 17.2 x 14.4 x 1.7 in<br>(436 x 366 x 44 mm)                    | 2 U 17.3 × 20.5 × 3.5 in<br>(440 × 520 × 88 mm)                                    | 2 U 17.3 × 20.5 × 3.5 in<br>(440 × 520 × 88 mm)                                    | 2 U 17.3 × 20.5 × 3.5 in<br>(440 × 520 × 88 mm)                                  |  |  |
| Weight  | 12.3lb (5.6 kg)   | 12.3lb (5.6 kg)   | 34.2 lb (15.5 kg)  | 34.8 lb (15.8 kg)  | 34.8 lb (15.8 kg)  |  |  |
| Temperature                                       | 32-104 F (0-40°C)   | 32-104 F (0-40°C)   | 32-104 F (0-40°C)  | 32-104 F (0-40°C)  | 32-104 F (0-40°C)  |  |  |
| Relative Humidity                                 | 10-95% (no dew)   | 10-95% (no dew)   | 10-95% (no dew)  | 10-95% (no dew)  | 10-95% (no dew)  |  |  |
| Compliance and Certificate                        | CE, CB, FCC, UL/cUL, ROHS, IEC/EN61000-4-5 Power Surge Protection, ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, CVE Compatibility, IPv6 Ready, ICSA Firewalls |   |  |  |  |  |  |

# **Module Options**

|           | IOC-8GE-M                     | IOC-8SFP-M                          | IOC-4GE-B-M                            | IOC-2SFP+-Lite                        | IOC-8SFP+                             | IOC-4SFP+                             |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|           |                               | innun munn 5                        |  |                                       |                                       |                                       |
| Names     | 8GE Extension Module          | 8SFP Extension Module               | 4GE Bypass Extension<br>Module         | 2SFP+ Extension Module                | 8SFP+ Extension Module                | 4SFP+ Extension Module                |
| I/O Ports | 8 x GE                        | 8 x SFP, SFP module not<br>included | 4 x GE Bypass (2 pair<br>bypass ports) | 2 x SFP+, SFP+ module not<br>included | 8 x SFP+, SFP+ module not<br>included | 4 x SFP+, SFP+ module not<br>included |
| Dimension | ½U (Occupies 1 generic slots) | ½U (Occupies 1 generic slots)       | ½U(Occupies 1 generic slots)           | ½ U (Occupies 1 generic slot)         | 1 U (Occupies 2 generic<br>slots)     | 1 U (Occupies 2 generic slots)        |
| Weight    | 1.8 lb (0.8kg)                | 2.0 lb (0.9kg)                      | 1.8 lb (0.8kg)                         | 0.7 lb (0.3kg)                        | 1.5 lb (0.7kg)                        | 1.5 lb (0.7kg)                        |

#### NOTES:

(1) FW throughput data is obtained under single-stack UDP traffic with 1518-byte packet size;

(2) IPS throughput data is obtained under bi-direction HTTP traffic detection with all IPS rules being turned on;

(3) AV throughput data is obtained under HTTP traffic with file attachment;

(4) IPSec throughput data is obtained under Preshare Key AES256+SHA-1 configuration and 1400-byte packet size packet;

(5) IMIX throughput data is obtained under UDP traffic mix (64 byte : 512 byte : 1518 byte =5:7:1);

(6) NGFW throughput data is obtained under 64 Kbytes HTTP traffic with application control and IPS enabled;

(7) Threat protection throughput data is obtained under 64 Kbytes HTTP traffic with application control, IPS, AV, URL filtering, ABD and ATD enabled;

(8) New Sessions/s is obtained under TCP traffic.

Unless specified otherwise, all performance, capacity and functionality are based on StoneOS5.5R7. Results may vary based on StoneOS® version and deployment.

